

GERMANS APPLY FOR EXEMPTION

Interned Teutons Advised to Make Application for Re- lief Under Mora- torium Act.

NEW WESTMINSTER, Sept. 25.—Undoubtedly the ramifications of the War Relief Act are extensive, and in supremt court chambers on Saturday a new angle from which exemption was claimed developed, when two interned Germans applied for relief from foreclosure proceedings, on the ground that they were prisoners of the government and so were in no position to redeem certain properties held by them on June 10-17.

Mr. George E. Martin, for the mortgagee, applied for a final foreclosure order, and his application was met by a letter received from the subjects of his Kaisership, now breaking rocks and other hard substances near Vernon, complaining as above. Mr. Martin said the property in dispute had originally belonged to a man who was now serving his country in France. He had disposed of his interest, however, before enlisting, to these Germans, and Mr. Martin suggested that proceedings might legally go on.

The court ruled that under the terms of the act, he had no option but to hearken to the Teutonic plea, and he postponed further action in the matter until the Germans had been advised by the court registrar to apply for exemption under the proper form of the Moratorium Act.