

KILLED IN BATTLE



GUNNER CLIFFORD M. HARRISON,
 Son of ex-County Commissioner and Mrs. Thomas Harrison of Harriston, Ont., killed in action in France. He enlisted on his birthday at the age of 18, and was a year and a half at the front. He went overseas with the 64th Battery, and transferred in France to a Trench Mortar Battery.

LT. J. L. GOWER A PRISONER

Prison Camp He is in Not Known, but He is in Good Health

Mr. E. P. Gower of the Canadian Bank of Commerce has received a cable from a private source stating that his son, Flight-Lieut. J. L. Gower, who was reported missing on September 4, is a prisoner. The message says that he is in good health, but the prison camp to which he has been taken is unknown.

Pte. William J. Coomb, 65 Wood street, who, with his two brothers and his father, was in khaki, has been killed in action. He went overseas three years ago with the R.C.D. Both of his brothers have been wounded and his father returned two years ago as the result of an accident during training.

Pte. Joseph McDonnell, 73 Laing street, has been killed in action. He was overseas with the 9th Canadian Engineers. His parents, a sister and two brothers survive.

Pte. James W. Mathews, 101 Bartlett avenue, who enlisted with the 169th Battalion, has been killed in action. His mother and brothers reside in Scotland and his wife and daughter in Toronto. He was District Chief Templar of the International Order of Good Templars for this district.

Pte. Clarence M. Connolly, 1,083 Ossington avenue, a former employee of the postoffice, has been killed in action. He was overseas with the 75th Battalion, and was wounded at Vimy Ridge.

Pte. G. M. Page, 88 West Lodge avenue, has died of wounds. He came from England six years ago and went overseas with the 139th Battalion.

One of Twenty-three.

Pte. Frank Lullin, whose sister lives at 45 Innes avenue, has been killed in action. There are twenty-three members of his family in France. He was a painter and decorator before enlisting in the R. A. M. C., and he leaves a wife.

Frederick Mack, killed in action; Thomas Mack wounded, was the substance of two telegrams received in one day by Mrs. E. Mack, 131 University avenue. It was just this week that Mrs. Mack received the Military Medal which her son, Thomas, had won. He has also been recommended for the V.C.

Pte. W. G. Tice, 96 North Ederley avenue, has died of wounds. He was an Englishman by birth and went overseas with the 166th Battalion.

Pte. Vincent Keogh, whose sister resides at 107 Withrow avenue, has been killed in action. He was born in Dublin, Ont., and was overseas with the 75th Battalion.

Sapper Robert M. Lauder, 771 Gerrard street east, died from pneumonia, within ten days of his enlistment. He had lately been working in California as a lithographer and engraver, but enlisted at Quebec with a battery. He took ill a few days after his enlistment.

Pte. William A. Keillor, son of James Keillor, 116 Beattie street, was killed in action September 2, in the great drive that broke the Dro-court-Queant line. Pte. Keillor was in his 20th year. He was attending business college when he enlisted, and after serving for a year at the internment camp at Kapiskasing went overseas with a Montreal battalion a year and a half ago.

real to be treated or to be gotten out of the way. She claimed that the purpose of her removal was to get rid of her, but the sisters gave evidence to the effect that there was no other institution but this one in Montreal where she could be properly treated."

Chief Justice Meredith inquired as to rules showing the powers of expulsion.

"The council had no powers to pass by-laws to expel," said Mr. McCarthy. "The constitution contains rules which have to be approved by the Archbishop of the Diocese. However, the question of expulsion is not before us. It is suggested the Archbishop was the author of the order to remove Sister Basil. There is no evidence, however, to connect the Archbishop with authority for her removal."

Sir William—Suppose he advised her removal? Would he not be liable?

Archbishop Not Liable.

Mr. McCarthy—I submit not, because we are not bound to take his advice.

The counsel held that the part taken by the Archbishop was based on suspicion, and letters written by the Archbishop, which were presented, showed that he was taking the greatest possible interest in trying to smooth over the trouble.

Mr. Justice Magee asked if the fact that the Archbishop used the term, "my administration," did not justify the jury in concluding that the Archbishop was admitting he was taking part in the attempted removal. Counsel did not think so.

The hearing will be continued this morning.