

GREAT ENTHUSIASM IN CANADIAN CITIES FOLLOW BRITAIN'S DECLARATION OF WAR

In All the Leading Centers the Populace Display Patriotism in Various Ways. Crowds Throng the Streets Singing Patriotic Songs.

Street scenes of the wildest description were witnessed in the Capital last night when it had become known that war had been declared. Up till the small hours of the morning bands of cheering young men paraded the streets waving banners, flags and other emblems of the patriotic spirit.

Many hundreds waited for news outside The Citizen office in the hope of hearing fresh news of the progress of events on the other side of the Atlantic. By midnight the crowd had reached vast dimensions and wild scenes were seen. Traffic was delayed and a special group of police officers mingled with the crowd to suppress any untoward demonstrations of unruliness. "Rule Britannia, God Save the King, La Marseillaise, O Canada, and other patriotic songs were shouted, hats were thrown in the air and cheer after cheer sounded.

One daring young man climbed up the electric standard immediately before The Citizen office and hung a large Union Jack to the cross bars. The raising of the flag was a signal for another noisy demonstration. The cheering was kept up until long after midnight.

Many residents of the suburbs and various sections of Ottawa flocked to the city to see the parade of the G.G.F.G. and to hear the latest despatches from Europe. The scenes were closely parallel with the incidents which marked the progress of events during the South African war.

During the evening, also, scores of people either called at or telephoned The Citizen office regarding the latest news. Then when it was made known that war had been declared, many asked if confirmation of the last despatch had been received.

The interest and enthusiasm of Ottawans has rarely been roused to such a pitch.

TORONTO, ONT.

TORONTO, August 4.—Although a state of war between Germany and England had been expected, the official announcement of the declaration, came with a shock. Immense crowds surrounded the newspaper offices waiting for definite news, and when finally the bulletins were posted, placing the matter beyond doubt, and the intelligence was disseminated, it was at first received in silence. Then all possible consequences were forgotten in a burst of patriotic fervor, and the streets resounded with cheers for the Empire. Here and there a voice started a patriotic song, and in a moment the huge crowds took it up, "Rule Britannia," "The Red, White and Blue," and other songs swelling up in a vast chorus. Never since the memorable Pretoria stand has this city witnessed such a spontaneous outburst of patriotic and whole-hearted loyalty to the Empire. All night bands paraded the streets, at the head of crowds waving flags and cheering for King and for Canada.

Intense interest prevailed at military headquarters awaiting instructions from Ottawa. The only instructions so far received were for the safeguarding of the "Wellhead of the Empire," Lord Dufferin's command, the 2 Division, was ordered to send sufficient troops for this purpose. He will await a report from the officer commanding the troops in this vicinity.

Meetings of the officers of the city regiments were held with a view to ordering of recruiting officers, and judging from the applications already received there will be no difficulty in filling the ranks with men enough to bring them up to full strength for war service.

The Imperial order of the Daughters of the Empire at a meeting today decided to appeal to all women's organizations for subscriptions towards placing a hospital ship at the disposal of the British Admiralty.

APPEALS

QUEBEC, August 4.—The announcement that England and Germany were at war was received with the greatest enthusiasm in this city where English, French and Irish paraded together in a display of loyalty and patriotism such as has never before been witnessed in the Ancient City of Champlain.

Before a massed crowd Albert Sevigny, the brilliant young member for Dorchester, made it plain that the French-Canadians realized the seriousness of the present menace to the Empire in general and to Canada in particular and were standing shoulder to shoulder with their fellow citizens of other races. He recalled how France had gone down before the arms of Germany in 1870. The great question which French-Canadians had been asking during the past few days, he said, had been: "What will England do?" Had France been left alone her arms might not have met with fortune. Now they had received the happy news that the Entente Cordiale was no idle word. England had risen to the occasion. Whatever the result might be they would go into the war with a united front, and he was sure that Providence would smile upon them in this struggle of giants.

All, he said, realized the ambitions of Germany and knew that she had her eyes on the English colonies, including Canada. In France all the parties were as one. In England, too, all political differences had been set aside in the face of the common foe.

After describing what the victory of Germany might mean to the Dominion, Mr. Sevigny said he had never seen such union in Canada as upon this war question. They had the example of the entente cordiale before them between their original motherland and in the motherland which had adopted them.

MONTREAL, QUE.

MONTREAL, AUG. 4.—The news of the declaration of war was received by the citizens of Montreal pretty much as they might have received the word of the result of an election, except that in this case there was no surprise, and they were practically unanimous in accepting it as the inevitable thing. After two or three days of anxious waiting the people seemed almost relieved to learn that at last Britain had taken the plunge. Extra editions of the evening papers were eagerly bought in different sections of the city and many thousands of people were in the streets and in front of the bulletin boards until after midnight. Cheering and flag-waving were indulged in by thousands of enthusiastic young men, and there was a repetition of the street demonstrations of the past three or four nights in support of the Triple Entente. Tonight's demonstration, however, was more earnest than those preceding it.

LONDON, ONT.

LONDON, Ont., Aug. 4.—Patriotic

enthusiasm ran rampant in the city tonight when the newspaper offices bulletined the fact that war had been declared between Great Britain and Germany. Crowds thronged the streets in vast numbers and hundreds of processions were formed, hundreds joining in singing "Rule Britannia," "God Save the King," "The Maple Leaf" and other patriotic songs. The Old Boys' reunion now in progress has brought thousands to the city and the veterans joined with the home guard in patriotic demonstrations. Union Jacks which formed part of the decoration scheme for the home-coming were torn from buildings and poles and waved with the utmost enthusiasm. Shouts of "Down with the Kaiser," "Let's at the Germans" and other hostile cries were to be heard on all sides. The air was heavily charged with the war spirit and everywhere seemed exultation rather than regret, over the fact that war had finally been declared.

Throughout the city there is unanimity in the belief that Britain's quarrel is a just one, and the people generally are in sympathy with the patriotic fervor shown this week by the various military organizations of Montreal. There will be thousands of volunteers in this city, as was made plain tonight by the crowds in the street cheering and shouting "God save the King," "Rule Britannia" and "La Marseillaise" and declaring their willingness to go to the war.

Even the older people, while seeming to realize the serious import of the news, spoke of war as the only way out of the present situation.

RESCUE STEFANSSON PARTY

Russian Icebreaker Puts Into Nome, Alaska.

NOME, Alaska, Aug. 4.—The Russian government's ice-breaking steamer Taimyr arrived at Nome today and will leave tomorrow for Wrangell Island, to take off the 21 men and one woman who found refuge there after the wrecking of the Stefansson exploring ship Karluk in the ice north of Herald Island last January.

The United States revenue cutter Bear sailed for Wrangell Island via Point Barrow July 21. After she sailed news was received that the ice about Wrangell Island was unusually firm, and the Russian government decided to send the powerful Taimyr, which can cut a way where the wooden Bear would be helpless.

The Taimyr did not know of the outbreak of the war until her arrival here.

TRANS-ATLANTIC FLIGHT OF

Lt. John C. Porte Will Return to England.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—John C. Porte, British navy lieutenant, who was to have piloted the Wanamaker flying boat America on its attempted transatlantic flight, decided today to return at once for England as he is a reservist. He was an officer in the British submarine service and was retired on account of an injury. He booked passage today on the steamship Lusitania, due to sail for England at midnight tonight.

Announcement of Lieut. Porte's withdrawal as the America's pilot was made tonight after a meeting of the Aero Club of America. It was stated that Mr. Curtiss will pilot the America on the proposed flight.

THE MEXICAN EMBROGLI

Carranza's Troops Face Strong Federal Army.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 4.—The Constitutionalists advance guard, consisting 4,000 men under Command General Jesus Carranza, and 3,000 Federals under General Medina Estrella, faced each other today at Nezahualcoyotl, three miles north of the capital. Both sides awaited outcome of the peace conference at Saltillo.

The concentration of Federal forces in the Federal district was completed today with the exception of several commands which are on way from Guaymas and Cuernavaca. General Velasco, the war minister, claims he has a strength of 8,000 men in the district.

DUTCH TROOPS ENTHUSIASTIC

Army Reviewed by Queen Wilhelmina in The Hague.

THE HAGUE, August 4.—The army, including the regiments of the territories, paraded past the Palace today. Queen Wilhelmina reviewed the troops from a balcony. With her were the Princess Consort and the little Princess Juliana.

The crowd in front of the palace sang the national anthem, in which the Queen joined. The Princess Consort then held up the Princess Wilhelmina, who showed her to the assemblage who cheered her enthusiastically.

Roman Bank's Limit.

ROME, August 4.—Three decrees of government have been published, authorizing savings banks to limit August 29 the payment of more than 20 per cent. of deposits, but requiring to pay any depositor not less than lire (410) if that much is to his credit the second, suspending for twenty days all payments within Italy; the third, authorizing banks to increase their issue.

Thursday

Clearings less 2% full limit of two.

LADIES' BLOUSES

- \$4.00 Blouses, to clear at
- \$3.50 Blouses, to clear at
- \$2.99 Blouses, to clear at
- \$1.25 Blouses, to clear at

LADIES' RAINCOATS

39 only Raincoats, values \$10.00 or without belts, to clear at

The

160 RIDEAU STREET