de

UNEMPLOYMEN

We believe the Department of the Labor at Ottawa has made a close study of conditions, and is gardeness through which relief can be afforded. There will be unceressity alike for Federal, Procvincial and municipal action No.

vincial and numerical action. No doubt many voluntary organizations will also appear as the need for action presses. So far as we can learn, the Boards of Trade, the branches of the Manufacturers' Association, and the Labor organizations are actuated by a common spirit. Employers generally will answer the appeal of Mr. Crothers to continue operations as far as their resources, will permit. The leaders of labor are just as ready to make sacrifices in order that as many workmen as possible may have at least partial employment.

No doubt there are employers who will consider only their own interests. But we believe they are not numerous. So there are those who will raise prices without mercy and plunder as opportunity offers. But these, again, are not numerous. The banks are acting with discretion and consideration. Among all classes, as the excitations are the surfaces.

are not monacting with discretion and
sideration. Among all classes
we have evidence that patriotism
is not confined to those who will
go to the front. The flag is honored when men give their lives
to keep it flying. It is as greatly
hogored by those who set themselves to alleviate distress and
feed the hungry. As their must
be leaders in the field, so
there must be leaders in orfrantizing to assist the needy and

It is folly to think that the ex-ting agencies will be adequate or this service. It will be crimi-al to temporize and delay. We

nal to temporize and delay. We must not hesitate at heroic mea-sures of relief any more than we hesitate at heroic measures of defence. Road building or other moderatelyings. In give ampley

undertakings to give employ-ment may be necessary. Organment may be necessary. Organ-ized measures to get more people at work on the land may be de-sirable. Co-operative social ma-chinery should be established to

distribute the unemployed that there may be fewer o

that there may be fewer con-gested centres and no scarcity of labor in an; field or industry. If those are Gscavered who will not work on the land, or wher-ever work is available, they should be made to understand

hould be made to understand that they cannot become charges; in the community. Either work or go hungry, should be the order in so far as work can be provided. So we should have no consideration for those who would deliberately make food scarce and dear, or who would throw workmen upon the streets unnecessarily.

throw workme

increase employment.

AND DISTRESS of the war must affect many industries and impose hardship the upon many people. Agriculture, is however, may benefit, and at least there should be no decrease in the demand for farm labor. In filling the regiments for service abroad and for plonne defence, some vacancies in factories and business houses will be created. So many will rafeave the country to take service with the British and foreign in armies. But at best there will show membranes and active and vigorous mea. 28 sures must be taken to deal with its the situation.