

British Airmen Visit Germans at Antwerp

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

Amsterdam, Jan. 14.—The Telegraaf in its issue of to-day says it has learned that British aviators last Monday dropped bombs on the German positions at Antwerp. The damage inflicted has not been learned.

THE TURKISH INROADS ON PERSIAN TERRITORY

Due to Regrouping of Russian Forces Necessitating Evacuation of Several Positions

(Canadian Press Despatches.)

Petrograd, Jan. 14.—The official report from the Caucasus army, issued to-night, follows:

"To avoid any false understanding of our operations in Azerbaijan during the last few days, the General Staff of the Caucasus army deems it expedient to give the following explanation:

"From the beginning of the decisive action in the principal region of this theatre of the war it appeared necessary to re-group our troops. In accordance with this, we proceeded in Azerbaijan to concentrate our troops at certain places, which demanded the evacuation of several points we had occupied previously.

"This rearrangement of our forces was not under pressure of the enemy, but in accordance with a specially devised plan. During this operation no important action took place, except an engagement which our advance guard had near Miandous. Thus we did not evacuate Azerbaijan, but adopted changes in position answering better the new developments."

MACKENSEN'S NEPHEW ARRESTED AT VANCOUVER

HE AND TWO OTHERS HAD BEEN
TAKEN BEFORE, BUT LET GO
—NOW DETAINED.

Vancouver, Jan. 14.—Baron Carl Von Mackensen, former officer in the famous Prussian Death's Head Hussars, and a nephew of the famous General Von Mackensen, who is now leading the German forces in Russian Poland, together with Dr. Otto Redlich, a German lawyer, and Hans Merzleich, a German reservist, were all arrested to-day as prisoners of war, and lodged in New Westminster Jail. It is expected that they will be detained until the end of the war.

Von Mackensen, who is a young, delicate-looking fellow, and Dr. Redlich, were arrested a couple of weeks ago by the local Provincial authorities, and later released, after they had made explanations. Von Mackensen at that time showed a copy of a letter he had sent to the German Consul at Seattle, refusing to obey the summons to return to the colors, and stated that before war was declared he had applied for naturalization as a British subject. To-day the military authorities decided to rearrest and detain the men.

German Survivors of South Atlantic Fight

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

London, Jan. 14.—Upwards of 200 German officers and seamen-rescued after the naval engagement between the German and British squadrons off the Falkland Islands, in the southern Atlantic, on December 8, arrived to-day in England and were taken to detention camps. As the German sailors marched through the streets they appeared to be quite contented, cheering their comrades as the squads separated.