THE PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS

It is too soon yet to speak with certainty of the cause of the re which destroyed the Parliament Buildings, at Ottawa; but such a time suspicion is naturally directed to the alien ene-ies of the country, and the evidence that is available suports such a view. First of all there is the statement by The Providence Joural, which has taken an active part in the exposure of pro-Ger-an designs and activities in the United States, that three ecks ago it gave notice to the Department of Justice of e United States that the Canadian House of Commons was be attacked as the beginning of a campaign against Canada, d that the campaign in the United States would be suspendtemporarily so that attention might be paid to Canada. nen there are the known facts connected with the origin of e fire. It is reported to have started in the reading room, here four separate piles of newspapers began biazing forth the same time. How the fire was communicated to the ewspapers is not yet known; but what facts there are point incendiarism, and therefore to the alien enemy. What is known of the activities of the enemy in the United ates naturally tends to strengthen the suspicion. The men no are doing the work of Germany in the United States have own themselves to be thoroughly organized, resourceful and scruptous, and they seem to be well supplied with both oney and information. That sooner or later they would rn their attention to Canada was, perhaps, to be expected. hat they can hope to accomplish for the cause of Germany the destruction of property in Canada is not easily seen. they are capable of learning anything from experience they ist know by this time that the first ad most direct result of ch an act as the destruction of the Parliament Buildings ould be to strengthen the determination of the Canadian peoto devote their energies and resources to the carrying on the war to a successful issue. That has been the result of murderous raids upon England, Belgium and France. The ect of the campaign in the United States has been similar. has intensified the feeling of distrust and resentment, to such extent that by many of the American people Germany is arded as an unscrupulous enemy, seeking to preserve the ise of friendship as a cover for its hostility. With all these ets the promoters of the German campaigns of frightfulness ast be familiar, yet they continue their work regardless of consequences. They seem to revel in destruction for its n sake. The loss of the magnificent structure at Ottawa, intimately ociated as it has been with the history of Canadian national velopment is greatly to be deplored; but this is not time for in regrets. New buildings will take the place of those desyed and the government of Canada will go on. The spirit the country was shown by Premier Borden in summoning members of Parliament to meet where some suitable place be found, with as little loss of time as possible. There is siness of serious and pressing importance to be attended to e destruction of the Parliament-Buildings will mean loss and convenience, but the business of the country must go on

sorious responsibility rests upon the Premier as head of the untry in this emergency; but it does not rest upon him alone is shared by all the representatives of the people and by the ople themselves. Canacians must face the situation with eater unanimity and determination than ever.