MR. BORDEN SPENDS A VERY BUST DAY: Speeches in Waterloo and Special Despatch to The Globe
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MR. BORDEN SPENDS A VERY BUSY DAY,

Speeches in Waterloo and Wellington Counties.

THE MEETING AT GUELPH.

Party Arranged an Unnecessary Overflow Meeting.

ur. Borden Needed a Rest, but Was Given One of the Hardest Kind of Attacks Labor and Immi-Days gration Policies - Conservative Positión on Tariff.

(Special Despatch to The Giobe.)
Guelph, Sept. 20.—The leader of the
Opposition was looking forward to today as affording him the opportunity
to take a needed rest. Since com-Opposition was looking forward to to-day as affording him the opportunity to take a needed rest. Since com-mencing his tour Mr. Borden has ad-dressed twenty-six meetings, many of which have been held in the open air, and the strain is commencing to tell on his voice. The only gathering on the itinerary for to-day was to-night's meeting in the Opera House, but, in-stead of resting. Mr. Borden found himself literally whirled from place to place, in the hope that his appearance might bring recruits to the Conser-vative ranks, and he made no less than four speeches.

might bring recruits to the Conservative ranks, and he made no less than four speeches.

The Conservative leader drove from Galt to Preston last night, and, accompanied by Hon. W. J. Hanna, travelled by special car to Berlin, where a non-partisan reception was extended to him at the Berlin Club, and he afterwards visited St. Jerome's College. In North Waterloo the Conservatives hope that the fact that their candidate has long been occupied with educational work in the riding will outweigh the prestige of Mr. W. L. Mackenzie King, but except by a few enthusiastic partisans, the election of the brilliant ex-Deputy Minister of Labor is generally anticipated. The Borden party was joined by Mr. J. E. Seagram, ex-M.P., and Mr. R. Reid, Conservative candidate for North Waterloo, and then motored to Waterloo, where a meeting was held in the Town Hall. From there Mr. Borden travelled to Hespeler, where Mr. Z. A. Hall presided over a rush meeting, arranged of the phone. Necessarily in participates were very sort.

Hall. From there Mr. Borden travelled to Hespeler, where Mr. Z. A. Hall presided over a rush meeting, arranged by teneprone recessarily in a set all these places were very short. Mr. Borden, as might be expected, where the manufacturers' interests are large, dealt chiefly with the question of protection. At Hespeler, in reply to the statement by Mr. Z. A. Hall, to the effect that what Canada wanted was more adequate protection, he said that the Conservatives had been preaching adequate protection in the House of Commons for years, but so long as things had gone along swimmingly the people had not paid much attention. His party had not one policy for one part of the country and another in a different section, whereas the Liberals preached free trade in one place and protection in another.

The Meeting at Guelph.

Recognizing that Mayor Newstead of Guelph is leading a forlorn hope in the fight to defeat the Liberal representative or South Wellington in the last Parliament, Mr. Hugh Guthrie, the Conservatives used their best endeavors to make the meeting in the Opera House here to-night a success. Not only did Mr. Borden have the assistance of Hon. W. J. Hanna, but from the areas of Provincial politics came Mr. J. P. Downey, M.P.P., and Mr. Hugh Clark, M.P.P., for Centre Bruce. Some sixteen hundred people crowded into the Opera House, and in the entinusiasm of the moment it was decided to hold an averifity meeting in Castle Hall. The attendance there was small.

attendance there was small.

The Conservative Candidate.

Briefly Capt. Pritchard, President of
the Conservative Association for the
riding, introduced the candicate, Mayor
John Newstead. Mr. Newstead talked
volubly of victory, but elicited little applause, and similarly failed when he
declared his belief that in a short time

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(Continued from Page 1.)

the franchise would be extended to the ladies. "While a Conservative," he declared, "I shall go to Ottawa, if elected, as an independent representative, with the determination of censuring my political friends as well as my enemies if they do not do what I think is right." Mr. Newstead was appealing for support when a voice from the gallery came: "A little louder, John."

Mr. Borden's Address.

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Ir. Borden's Address.

Mr. Borden himself did not arouse great enthusiasm when, following his declaration that Canada for ten years had been misgoverned, he said that there was a great upheaval of pullific pipinon against the Government. "The Liberal press and speakers." said Mr. Borden. "either tell you that we have is useless, absurd and valueless. The polley laid down in Hallfax in 1907 is but an adaptation to the conditions of the present time of the great National Polley to which the people of Canada owe so much." His opponents, he claimed practised protection as a matter of political expediency, and neither frea rade nor protection was safe in their hands. The Conservative party were not in favor of protection because they were particularly friends of the manufacturers, but because they believed it to be in the general interests of the people. The farmer of Canada, in addition to the advantages which came to him from the restriction of convetition from abroad, has the same advantage from protection as any class.

Immigration Questions.

The leader repeated his "quality, not quantity," cry in the course of con-

Immigration Questions.

The leader repeated his "quality, not quantity," cry in the course of condemning the Government's immigration policy. "I do not," he said, "cast any general imputation on the settlers from the United States, the British Isles and the contineir of Europe, but we cannot shut our eyes to the fact that many have come in under conditions which make them under conditions which make them under conditions which the treasury to the high fraud and swindling corporation, the North Atlantic Trading Company. Mr. Hugh Guthrie had declared that he must vote in favor of the dismissal of Mr. W. T. Preston unless the charges against him were investigated. The investigation was promised but never carried out, and Mr. Preston simply moved from department to department. The people of Canada had no knowledge, and could get none, of the men behind the most gigantic and unblushing swindle ever perpetrated by any Government.

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Department of Labor.

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Sir Wilfrid Laurier had announced that he took great filterest in labor. Filterest in labor had been seen to be a labor of the labor. Filterest in labor had been seen to say it had done a great state of the labor of the laterest of laterest of the laterest of say it had done a great still, dealing with labor. Mr. Borded accused the Government of failing to attend to the interests of Canadians in connection with he Japanese treaty by forfeiting the right to control Japanese immigration, in spite of the representations of the British Government. Once more he declared that the National Transcontinental should be owned from coast to coast by the people, whereas under the Government's bargain they only retained possession of the least paying part.

Criticizing the Government's fiscal policy, Mr. Borden said if the Government killed every industry in Canada they would increase the taxation on imports and then claim credit for the enormously increased revenue.

The remainder of Mr. Borden's address was merely a repetition of his former addresses.

Hon. W. J. Hanna.

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Hon. W. J. Hanna thought that Mr. Hugh Guthrie had not given his constituents credit for intelligence when he said at Toronto that the people did not wish to read discussions of political questions. Mr. Hanna applied himself once more to immigration, saying that in the asylums and jails of Ontario they had evidence that too many undestrables were coming to Canada. The man who declared that he would harp himself if his connection with the North Atlantic Trading Company were revealed had a better appreciation of wrong than the Prime Minister. Mr. Hanna proceeded to attack the Minister of Public Works. No man, he said, knew more about corruption in New Brunswick than William Pugsley, who in the House had behaved like a whipped doc, Efforts to reform the Liberal party from within were being joined in by James Conmee, who had been practically driven out of public life in Ontario in disgrace, and J. R. Stratton.

Ir. Hugh Clark. Mr. Hugh Clark.

Mr. Hugh Clark, M.P.P., regretted that the country could not be roused from its lethargy and death-like apathy. Mr. Clark spoke at considerable disadvantage, the overflow meeting which he was to have addressed having been abandoned, and the audience in the Opera House commencing to leave as he started to speak there. Major Craig, M.P.P. for East Wellington, and Mr. J. P. Downey, M.P.P., also spoke.