WHY THEY COME TO CANADA

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(Wall Street Journal.)

With an annual revenue of \$7.55 \(\text{his} \) extorted from a scant population of diffemore than a million, the Stato of Washington is scarcely entitled to the havery of a public debt. But it is not satisfied with expending substantic Ify the whole of this income cannual "cash dishursements" \$7.511,907), but her, run into debt, and so far as the report shows, is afraid

and so far as the report shows, is afraid to face the fact.

This is not all. To the State taxes must be added the courge and municipal burden. Ten years go the annual State revenues were \$2.5' 5.952; countles, \$4.885.55; numbelpalities, \$6.c., \$6.620.507; total, \$12.889.131. The relation between State and local taxation is such that they both rise and full to other. Applying the same rate of which \$2.840 counts, the latter should now be alone \$2.15.2000. Add this sum to the State courden and the total becomes \$31.500.00 c) equal to say \$30 per capita, or \$15.5' a ner family.

Éth one-third of Washington's farm fromes mortgaged for an average debt of \$2,000 each, is is any wonder that this agricultural population, except in the more fruitful regions of Walla Walla, Yakima, King and Chelan are finding their way to Canada to escape the burden. The exiles are native Americans; and those that remain are made up increasingly of the inferior foreigners who work one-third of the 56,000 home and tenant farms of the State.

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