EIGHT STRIKE LEADERS TRIED: Seditious Conspiracy is Now Charged Against the Winnip The Globe (1844-1936); Jul 22, 1919; ProQuest Historical Newspapers: The Globe and Mail pg. 3



## Seditious Conspiracy is Now Charged Against the Winnipeg Men

## (Canadian Press Despatch.)

Winnipeg, July 21.--R. B. Russell, William Ivens, W. A. Fritchard, R. J. Johns, Ald. John Queen, Ald. A. A. Heaps, George Armstrong and R. E. Bray appeared before Magistrate R. M. Noble at the Law Courts this afternoon facing charges of seditious conspiracy. Other informations

conspiracy. Other informations, have been laid, it was announced, against the other strike leaders who did not appear on this charge. The amended information is now a charge of "seditious conspiracy," where before it was "seditious acti-vity." Further, according to a state-ment mode by the sediment of the sediment where before it was "seditious acti-vity." Further, according to a state-ment made by A. J. Andrews, K.C., Crown counsel, in addressing the court, "as far as these proceedings are concerned, the amendment prac-tically amounts to a withdrawal aboinst the other men previously mentioned, but in all probability there will be other informations laid." there will laid."

M.L.A., Cu J. Dixon, Almazoff, Blum pelrel Chartinoff, Almazoff, Blumenberg and Schop-pelrel are the ones affected by the withdrawal of the charges.

Fernie Reporter Testifics.

Frederick G. Perry of Fernte, B.C., a court reporter who had acted as reporter at the Western Labor Con-vention held in Calgary last March, was the first witness called on be-half of the prosecution. A verbatim report of the whole proceedings taken in shorthand by himself and

half of the prosecution. A verbalim report of the whole proceedings taken in shorthand by himself and the transcript were put in as an ex-hibit by Mr. Andrews. Sergt.-Major Langdale of the In-telligence Department said he had attended the meeting at the Walker Theatro in December last. He pro-duced a document which, he said, was a copy of the report he had made, which was transcribed from shorthand notes. shorthand notes.

Called the Germans "Our Friends."

"We intend to have the better things of life if we have to fight for them," and "the British constitution things of life if we have to fight for them," and "the British constitution has been held up as recognizing the rights of the minority. British, Canadian and American Govern-ments now have come to the place where they recognize only the rights of a few of the minority," are state-ments this witness said George Arm-strong had made at this meeting. William lucar soid this witness herd of a tew of the ments this witness said George strong had made at this meeting. William Ivens, said this witness, had stated that "they say the alien enemy must be interned. I say it is no longer necessary since the armistice was signed. The Germans are our friende," and here mention was made of German Socialists. "them. according to the witness, was made of Germa whom, according to to Ivens had described patriots."

## Inculcating Revolution.

The whole meeting was described by Sgt.-Major Langdale as "very radical and revolutionary in its tone.

Cross-examined as to the effect speeches of this nature would have on the minds of those present. Sgt.-Major Langdale said they would inculcate revolutionary ideas in the minds of those present. On con-clusion of the cross-examination of Sgt.-Major Langdale the Court ad-journed till 2.30 p.m. to-morrow.